ESFR-SMART: new Horizon-2020 project on SFR safety

K. Mikityuk¹, E. Girardi², J. Krepel¹, E. Bubelis³, E. Fridman⁴, A. Rineiski³, N. Girault⁵, F. Payot⁶, L. Buligins⁷, G. Gerbeth⁴, N. Chauvin⁶, C. Latge⁶, J.-C. Garnier⁶

¹Paul Scherrer Institut (PSI), Villigen PSI, Switzerland

²Électricité de France (EDF), Paris-Saclay, France

³Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Karlsruhe, Germany

⁴Helmholtz-Zentrum Dresden-Rossendorf (HZDR), Dresden, Germany

⁵Institut de Radioprotection et de Sûreté Nucléaire (IRSN), Saint-Paul-Lez-Durance, France

⁶Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives (CEA), Saint-Paul-Lez-Durance, France

⁷Institute of Physics, University of Latvia (IPUL), Riga, Latvia

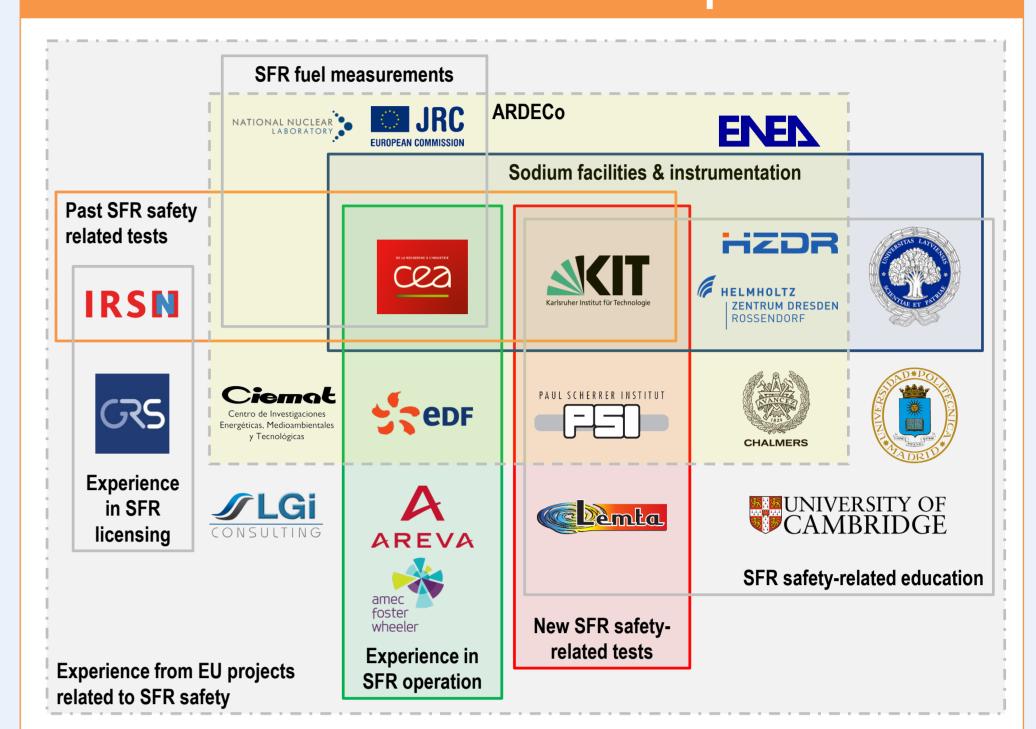
Summary

To improve the public acceptance of the future nuclear power in Europe we have to demonstrate that the new reactors have significantly higher safety level compared to traditional reactors. The Horizon-2020 ESFR-SMART project (European Sodium Fast Reactor Safety Measures Assessment and Research Tools) aims at enhancing further the safety of Generation-IV SFRs and in particular of the commercial-size European Sodium Fast Reactor (ESFR) in accordance with the Sustainable Nuclear Industrial European Initiative (ESNII) close roadmap and Sodium cooperation the Advanced Technological Reactor Industrial Demonstration (ASTRID) program.

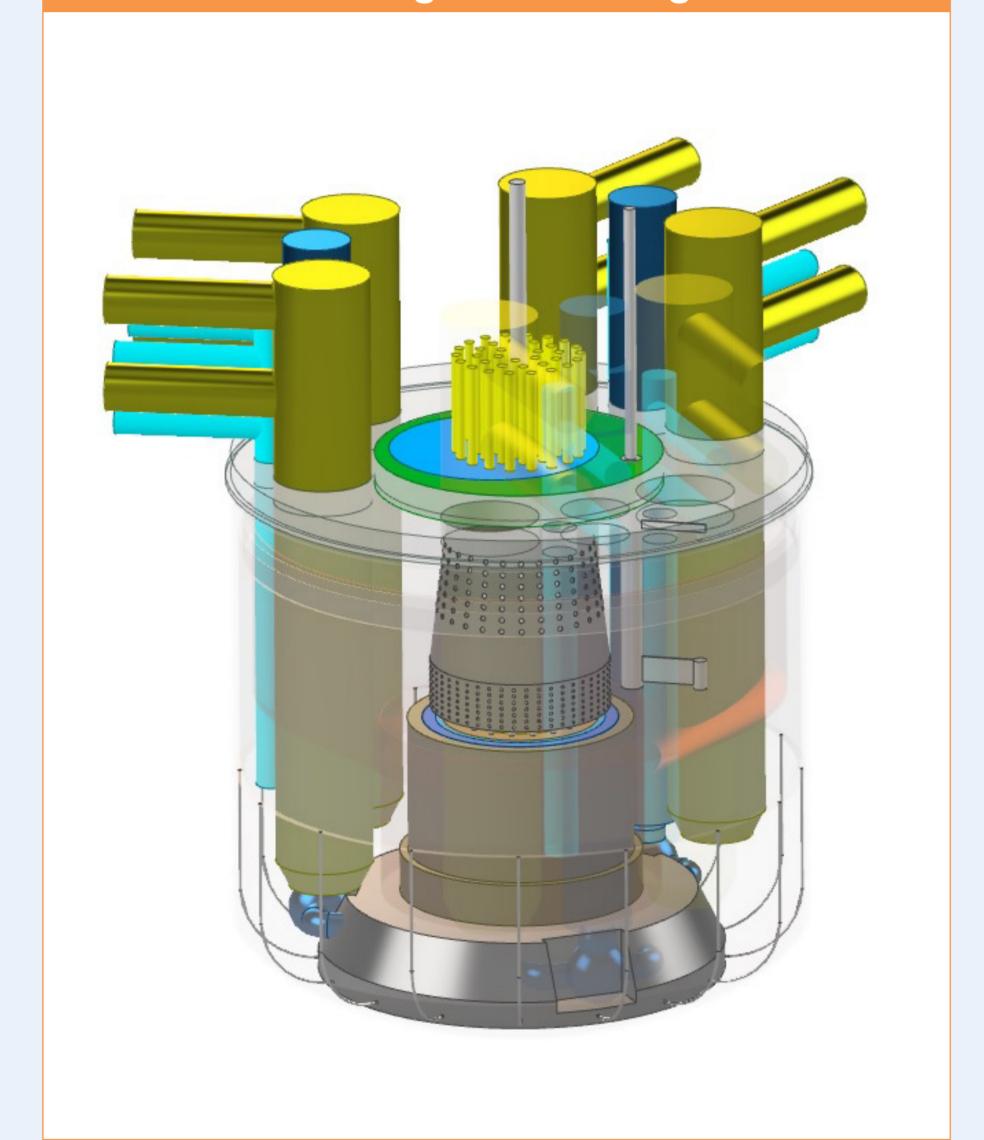
Objectives

- Produce new experimental data in order to support calibration and validation of the computational tools for each defence-in-depth level.
- 2. Test and qualify new instrumentations in order to support their utilization in the reactor protection system.
- Perform further calibration and validation of the computational tools for each defence-in-depth level in order to support safety assessments of Generation-IV SFRs, using the data produced in the project as well as selected legacy data.
- 4. Select, implement and assess new safety measures for the commercial-size ESFR, using the GIF methodologies, the FP7 CP-ESFR project legacy, the calibrated and validated codes and being in accordance with the update of the European and international safety frameworks taking into account the Fukushima accident.
- Strengthen and link together new networks, in particular, the network of the European sodium facilities and the network of the European students working on the SFR technology.

Partners and relevant expertise



Starting ESFR design

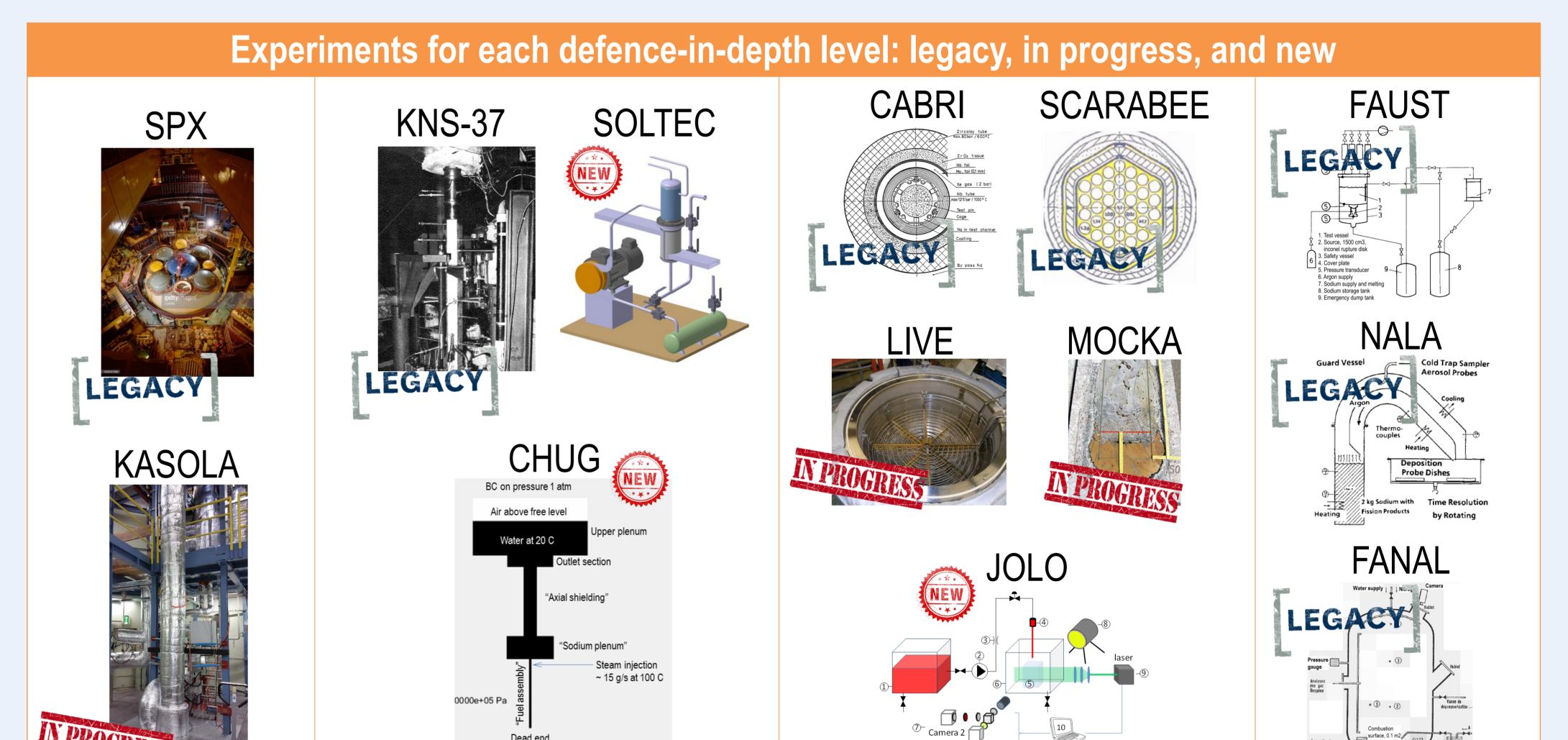


WP1.4

Measures to prevent

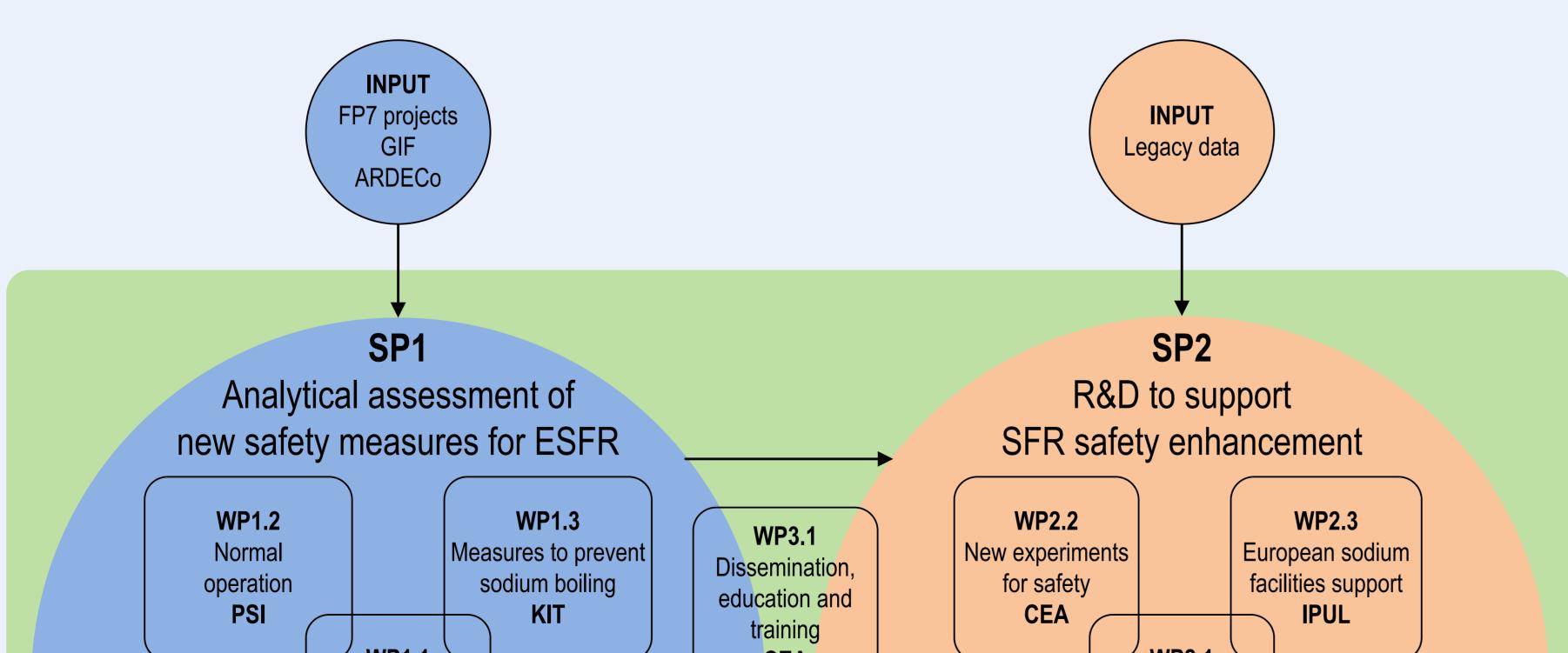
severe accidents

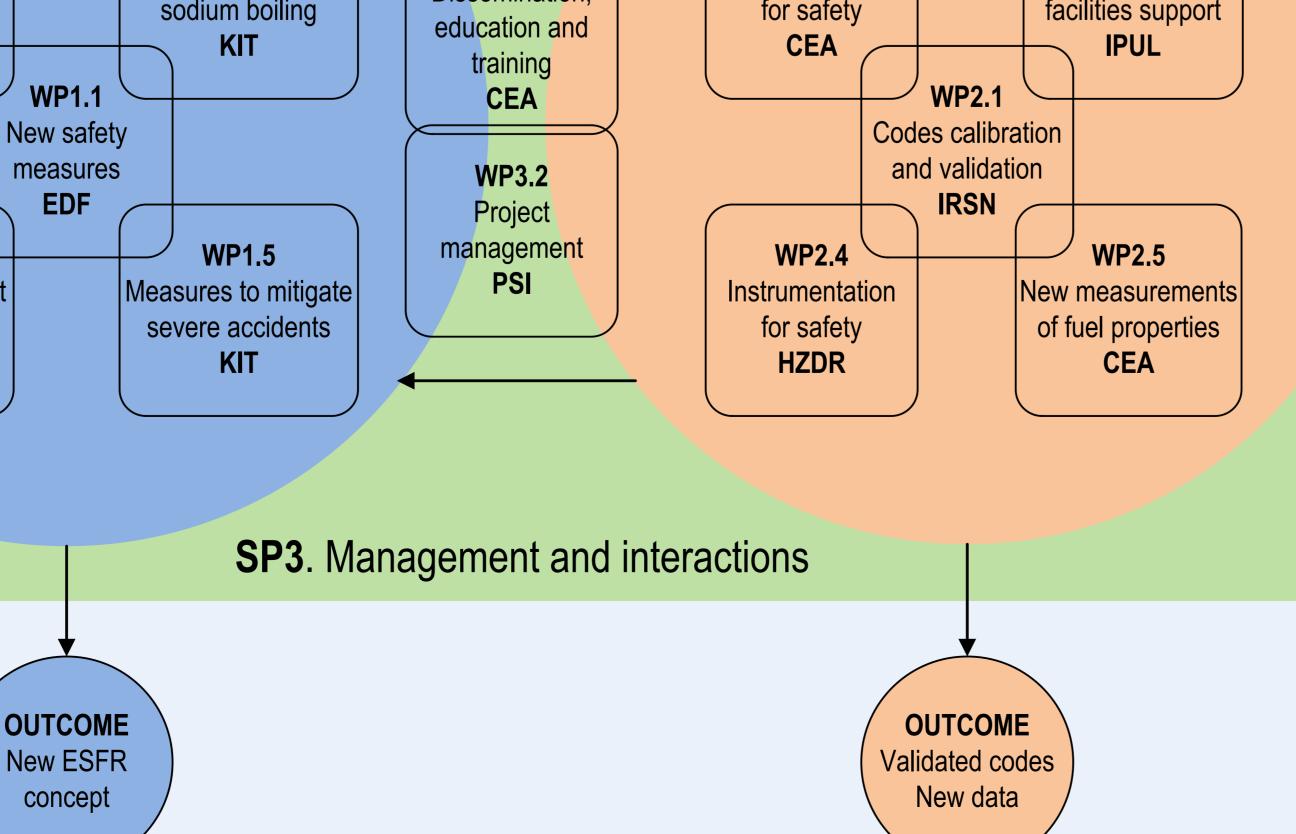
HZDR



MOX fuel properties measurements

Eddy-Current Flow Meter development





Network of EU sodium facilities IPUL: -AMPERE -TESLA WIT: -KASOLA -SOLTEC -CHEOPS -PAPIRUS

Conclusions

The new project on Generation-IV Sodium Fast Reactor safety starts September 1, 2017 and ends on August 31, 2021.

The project has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 754501